Introduced by Assembly Member Laird

February 23, 2007

An act to add Section 30523.5 to the Public Resources Code, relating to coastal resources.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1066, as introduced, Laird. Coastal resources: local coastal programs.

(1) Existing law requires local governments lying, in whole or in part, within the coastal zone to prepare a local coastal program for submission for certification to the California Coastal Commission, in accordance with specified requirements.

This bill would require local governments, when preparing, adopting, and updating a local coastal program for certification by the commission to consider the impacts of climate change. The commission would be required to assist local governments in obtaining state and federal grant funds to help defray the costs associated with understanding, mitigating, and adapting to climate change impacts in their local coastal programs. Because the bill would increase the duties of local governments, it would thereby impose a state-mandated local program.

(2) The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to these statutory provisions.

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Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. The Legislature finds and declares all of the 2 following:

- (a) The California coast has witnessed persistent sea level rise along its southern and central coast section and in San Francisco Bay over the past century. Over 1,000 miles of open ocean coast are potentially at risk from the impacts associated with global warming.
- (b) Assembly Bill 32 of the 2005–06 Regular Session established the California Global Warming Solution Act of 2006. Assembly Bill 32 states that global warming poses a serious threat to the economic well-being, public health, natural resources, and the environment of California. The potential adverse impacts of global warming include the exacerbation of air quality problems, a reduction in the quality and supply of water to the state from the Sierra Nevada snowpack, a rise in sea levels resulting in the displacement of thousands of coastal businesses and residences, damage to marine ecosystems and the natural environment, and an increase in the incidences of infectious diseases, asthma, and other human health-related problems.
- (c) A recent study sponsored by the California Environmental Protection Agency and conducted by the National Center for Atmospheric Research (NCAR) surveyed federal, state, and local coastal managers in California. The survey indicates that coastal managers are aware of and concerned with the potential impacts associated with climate change, but that the majority of coastal managers are not addressing these impacts in their planning and development decisions on the coast to date.
- (d) According to the NCAR study, "The sobering conclusion is that California is inadequately preparing for the impacts of climate change on coastal areas at this time. Local governments will need substantial support from state and federal agencies if the level of preparedness for climate change and other inundation-related risks is to be elevated in the future."
- 34 SEC. 2. Section 30523.5 is added to the Public Resources Code, to read:

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30523.5. (a) A local government, when preparing, adopting, and updating a local coastal program for certification by the commission shall consider the impacts of climate change.

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- (b) The commission shall assist local governments in obtaining state and federal grant funds to help defray the costs associated with understanding, mitigating, and adapting to climate change impacts in the local coastal program.
- 7 impacts in the local coastal program.
 8 SEC. 3. If the Commission on State Mandates determines that
 9 this act contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement to
 10 local agencies and school districts for those costs shall be made
 11 pursuant to Part 7 (commencing with Section 17500) of Division
 12 4 of Title 2 of the Government Code.